		STUDY MODULE D	ESCRIPTION FORM		
Name of the module/subject Fundamentals of geodesy			Code 1010134231010125118		
Field of study			Profile of study (general academic, practica	·	
		eering Extramural First-		2/3	
Elective	path/specialty	-	Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) <b>obligatory</b>	
Cycle of	study:		Form of study (full-time,part-time	)	
First-cycle studies			part-time		
No. of h	ours			No. of credits	
Lectur	e: <b>20</b> Classes	s: - Laboratory: 10	Project/seminars:	- 3	
Status o	of the course in the study	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another	field)	
(brak)			(brak)		
Education	on areas and fields of sci	ence and arr		ECTS distribution (number and %)	
dr in ema tel. ( Bud	onsible for subje nż. Artur Plichta nil: artur.plichta@put.p 0-616652419 ownictwa i Inżynierii Ś rowo 5	oznan.pl			
Prere	quisites in term	s of knowledge, skills an	d social competencies	:	
1	Knowledge	Knowledge of analytical geometry, trigonometry and knowledge of basic methods in the field of mathematical analysis.			
2	Skills	Ability to solve basic tasks in the field of mathematics, geometry and trigonometry.			
3	Social competencies	Knowlegde of working in group			
Assu	mptions and obj	ectives of the course:			
assigni	ng altitude differences	es on a level which allows self-de s with geometric leveling and trigo surements accuracy. Ability to use	nometric methods, area calcul	ation. Ability to express geodesic	

technology and Terrain Information System (SIT).

### Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study

## Knowledge:

- 1. The student describes the specificity of surveying efforts to prepare basic maps of the country and its role in the management of topographical space. - [K\_W03]
- 2. Student wykonuje podstawowe obliczenia w geodezyjnych układach współrzędnych przestrzennych. [K\_W04]
- 3. Student distinguishes rules for the carrying out survey work to determine the spatial coordinates landscaping elements and their function and selects the correct methodology of geodetic measurement and test equipment to perform such a measurement. - [K\_W04]

#### Skills:

- 1. Students solve simple tasks associated with the bill surveying indispensable for determining the situation and elevation terrain details on the basic map of the country on the account of the rectangular coordinates and polar coordinates). -[K\_U14]
- 2. The student selects the measuring equipment needed to conduct a situational measurement, altitude or situation and elevation terrain details with the required accuracy for a given task. - [K\_U14]
- 3. The student selects the measurement technology and methods of computation for implementation of the basic tasks of surveying and engineering business. - [K\_U14]

### Social competencies:

1. Students know how to work in group - [K\_K02]

## Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering

### Assessment methods of study outcomes

Test of theoretical studies in the field of mapping and methods of measurement and calculation used in construction 1.5 hours. At the end of the semester,

Test on the use of methods of measurement, calculation and cartographic materials for the solution of engineering problems 2 hours. At the end of the semester,

Performance of specific tasks measuring and computing reports successively

### **Course description**

Surveying tasks. Spatial information in engineering practice. Geodetic space, coordinate systems, classification of surveying. Map as a source of spatial information. Classification map based on the criterion of content and scale studies. Warp surveying. Geodetic measurement techniques. Surveying equipment: rangefinders, theodolites, total stations, levelers, GPS. Geodetic measurements situational, elevation, execution, control. Rating accuracy. Calculus and the theory of coordinate errors. Basic map in the form of analog and digital. Land Information System. Inventory measurements, measurement techniques, and presentation of results. Documentation of surveying in construction investment process.

### Basic bibliography:

- 1. Geodezja, M. Wójcik, I. Wyczałek, WPP, Poznań, 2004
- 2. Geodezja dla inżynierii środowiska, Przewłocki S., PWN, Warszawa, 1997
- 3. Construction Measurements, B.A. Barry, Wiley Interscience, New York, 1988

## Additional bibliography:

1. Geodezja dla kierunków niegeodezyjnych, S. Przewłocki, PWN, Warszawa, 2004

## Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Participation in lectures	20
2. Participation in laboratory classes	5
3. Preparation for laboratory classes	10
4. Completion (at home) of laboratory reports	5
5. Taking part in the consultation on the implementation of laboratory classes	5
6. Preparing for the end credits of laboratory classes	5
7. Preparing for exam and presence on the exam	10

# Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS		
Total workload	60	3		
Contact hours	30	2		
Practical activities	10	1		